BOUNDARY SURVEYS ACT
CHAPTER B-10

HER MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of Alberta, enacts as follows:

1 In this Act, "Minister" means the member of the Executive Council charged by the Lieutenant Governor in Council with the administration of this Act.

PART 1

2 The Government of Alberta shall participate in any survey and demarcation of the boundary line between Alberta and any adjoining province or the Northwest Territories.

3 The Minister, with the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, on behalf of Alberta, may enter into any arrangement or agreement with the Government of Canada or of an adjoining province relating to the survey and demarcation of the boundary line, and may

(a) agree to participate in any survey and demarcation of the boundary line,

(b) agree to pay a portion of the costs of the survey and demarcation,

(c) appoint a boundary commissioner to represent Alberta on any boundary commission,

(d) agree to provide for the re-establishment, restoration and maintenance of survey monuments and other physical evidence of the boundary,

(e) do other things as may be necessary or expedient in connection with the survey and demarcation of the boundary line.

4 Any expenditure incurred under this Part shall be paid out of
money voted by the Legislature for the purpose, and in default of
a vote shall be paid out of the General Revenue Fund.

5 For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act ac-
        cording to their intent, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may make
        regulations and orders that are ancillary to it and not inconsistent
        with it.

PART 2

6 Subject to the passing of an Act of the same import as this Part
by the Province of Saskatchewan, the report of the Inter-provincial
Boundary Commission appointed to complete the necessary surveys
to mark the interprovincial boundary between the Provinces of
Alberta and Saskatchewan and the plan of the survey of record in
the office of the Director of Surveys of Alberta under number 1-A.S.
are approved and confirmed, and that portion of the boundary be-
tween the Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan, as marked on the
ground by the Commission in 1938, is approved, confirmed and
declared the true interprovincial boundary.

PART 3

7 The line between the Slave River and the Little Buffalo River
surveyed and marked on the ground by the Department of the Interior
in 1924 and 1925 under the direction of the Surveyor General of
Dominion Lands and the line surveyed and demarcated between 1950
and 1954 by the Alberta-Northwest Territories Boundary Commis-
sion appointed and authorized by Order Number 692, February 14,
1950 of the Privy Council and by Order Number 1393-49, November
21, 1949 of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, and both shown
on 20 map sheets entitled the "Alberta and the Northwest Territories
Boundary" and signed by the Commissioners, a copy of which is
deposited in the office of the Director of Surveys of Alberta are
consented to be declared by the Parliament of Canada the boundary
line between Alberta and the Northwest Territories, whether or not
this increases, diminishes or otherwise alters the territory of Alberta.

8 In this Part

(a) "boundary" means the boundary-line between the Province
    of Alberta and the Province of British Columbia as established
    under section 9;

(b) "conventional boundary-line" means those portions of the
    boundary marked on the ground by survey monuments and shown
    on the map-sheets by a series of straight lines connecting the
    survey monuments;

(c) "map-sheets" means the surveys or maps entitled "Bound-

ary between Alberta and British Columbia’’ on deposit in the
office of the Director of Surveys of Alberta and includes

(i) Part I containing sheets 1 to 16A surveyed between 1913
and 1916,

(ii) Part II containing sheets 17 to 29B surveyed between
1917 and 1921,

(iii) Part III containing sheets 29 to 54 surveyed between
1918 and 1924 indicating the boundary from the international
border of the United States of America on the 49th parallel
of north latitude northerly to a point on the 120th meridian
of west longitude in or about latitude north 57 degrees, 26
minutes and 40.25 seconds, and

(iv) Part IV containing sheets 55 to 66 surveyed between
1950 and 1953 indicating the remainder of the boundary;

(d) ‘‘sinuous boundary-line’’ means those portions of the bound-
ary indicated on the map-sheets by a series of broken lines.

9 If the Legislature of British Columbia also consents with respect
to that province, the Legislature of Alberta consents to the Parliament
of Canada declaring the boundary, whether or not it increases, di-
minishes, or otherwise alters the territory of the Province of Alberta,
to consist of the sinuous boundary-line and the conventional boundary-
line as determined from time to time in accordance with this
Part.

10 The Lieutenant Governor in Council may appoint a boundary
commissioner who has the power and duty, in co-operation with a
similar commissioner from the Government of British Columbia and
from the Government of Canada,

(a) to carry out any agreement entered into under section 3,

(b) subject to the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Coun-
cil, to enter into an agreement on behalf of the Government, with
the Government of British Columbia to provide for the conversion
of all or part of the sinuous boundary-line to a conventional
boundary-line, and

(c) to do every act and exercise every power necessary or proper
for the purpose of settling any boundary problem or dispute
arising under section 11.

11 A problem or dispute affecting the boundary, other than one
that may be settled pursuant to an agreement under section 3, shall
be referred to the boundary commissioners referred to in section 10.
12(1) All or any part of the sinuous boundary-line indicated on the map-sheets shall cease to be part of the boundary if

(a) the boundary commissioners referred to in section 10 unanimously agree that a portion of the sinuous boundary-line be resurveyed and, in that case, that re-surveyed portion, when approved by the commissioners and confirmed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council, is deemed to be a conventional boundary-line, or

(b) a problem or a dispute respecting the actual location of the boundary along a sinuous boundary-line is submitted to the boundary commissioners under section 11, and in that case the boundary as determined by the majority decision of the boundary commissioners is, subject to confirmation by the Lieutenant Governor in Council, deemed to be a conventional boundary-line,

and the conventional boundary-line so determined replaces the relevant portion of the sinuous boundary-line.

(2) When the sinuous boundary-line is replaced by a conventional boundary-line under subsection (1), the Minister shall supplement or revise the map-sheets to properly reflect the conversion and shall cause a copy of the supplemented or revised map-sheet to be deposited in the office of the Director of Surveys of Alberta.

(3) The Registrar of Land Titles shall make all necessary amendments to the register and to his records generally.

13(1) If the Legislature of British Columbia makes a similar declaration with respect to that province, the Legislature of Alberta declares that an agreement of the boundary commissioners under section 12 is, when approved by the Lieutenant Governor in Council, final and binding on the Government of Alberta.

(2) An agreement of the boundary commissioners under section 12, when approved by the Lieutenant Governor in Council, has the force of law to the extent that the agreement converts the sinuous boundary-line, or part of it, to a conventional boundary-line.

14 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Part or any agreement entered into pursuant to this Part, the Government of Canada shall not be bound or liable to pay any costs, except such costs as that Government may incur with respect to boundary inspections and meetings of the commission, with respect to this Part or any agreement.